

Key Benefits

- Less acute toxicity to honey bees than other pyrethroids when used in accordance with the label and best practice advice
- Trials indicate that at temperatures of 15°C and above, MAVRIK® is more effective versus cereal aphids than the leading competitor

Crop Information

Crops	Max ind. dose (L/ha)	Max total dose (L/ha)	Latest time of application				
Winter wheat	0.2	0.4	Before kernel medium milk (before GS 75)				
Winter barley	0.2	0.4	Before caryopsis watery ripe (before GS 71)				
Spring wheat	0.15	_	Before kernel medium milk (before GS 75)				
Spring barley	0.15	-	Before caryopsis watery ripe (before GS 71)				

Less Impact on Beneficials

Beneficial	Pyrethroid 1 (label field rate)			MAVRIK® (0.2L/ha)			Control (water)		
insects	1 day	3 days 1 week		1 day 3 days 1 week		1 day 3 days 1 week			
Lacewings	3	4	1	1	1	1	1		
Ladybirds	4	4	4	3	1	1	1		
Hoverflies	4	4	4	3	2	2	1		
Parasitic wasps, flies	2	2	1	1	1	1	1		
Ground beetles	4	4	4	1	1	1	1		
Rove beetles	2	2	1	1	1	1	1		

Residual effect over time after application to treated leaf surfaces, by the introduction of adult ground/rove beetle and larvae of lacewing, ladybird, hoverfly, parasitic wasps, files.

IOBC* classification: 1 - Non-toxic 2 - Slightly toxic 3 - Average toxicity 4 - Toxic Source: IPM Impact, Belgium. Semi-field trials 2014 and 2015.

 $\textbf{IOBC} - International \ Organisation \ of \ Biological \ Control/WRPS \ Working \ Group \ Pesticides \ and \ Beneficial \ Organisms \ Pesticides \ Advantage \ Pesticides \ Advantage \ Pesticides \$

Product Information

Active ingredients: 240g/L tau-fluvalinate

Formulation:

Oil in Water Emulsion

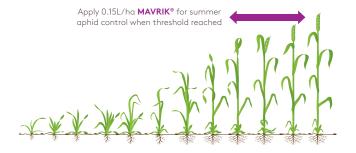
Pack size: 1 litre

Application Information

Water volume: 200L/ha

Spray quality: Medium

Aquatic buffer: 6m buffer for non-target arthropods and a 5m aquatic buffer (or 1m to dry ditch)



• MAVRIK® has less residual effect on beneficials compared to other pyrethroids, therefore allows for earlier population recovery of natural aphid predators.