

Version 11 - This version replaces all previous versions.

Revision Date 12.11.2013 Print Date 12.11.2013

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : ACTELLIC 50EC

Design code : A5832C

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use : Insecticide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Syngenta Crop Protection AG

Postfach

CH-4002 Basel Switzerland

Telephone : +41 61 323 11 11 Telefax : +41 61 323 12 12

E-mail address : sds.ch@syngenta.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency tele-

: +44 1484 538444

phone number

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008 Flammable liquids Category 3 H226 Acute toxicity (Oral) Category 4 H302 Aspiration hazard Category 1 H304 Sub-category Skin sensitisation H317 1B Serious eye damage Category 1 H318 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Category 3 H335 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Category 3 H336 Acute aquatic toxicity H400 Category 1 Chronic aquatic toxicity H410 Category 1

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Classification according to EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Xn, Harmful

N. Dangerous for the environment

R10: Flammable.

R22: Harmful if swallowed.

R37: Irritating to respiratory system. R41: Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Version 11 Page 1 of 14



Version 11 - This version replaces all previous versions.

Revision Date 12.11.2013 Print Date 12.11.2013

R43: May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

R50/53: Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R65: Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. R67: Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling: Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Hazard pictograms











Signal word	:	Danger
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Hazard statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H318 Causes serious eye damage.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements: P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot sur-

faces. - No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye pro-

tection/ face protection.

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or doctor/ physician.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for sev-

eral minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ phy-

sician.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P391 Collect spillage.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Supplemental information: EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment,

comply with the instructions for use.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or

cracking.

Version 11 Page 2 of 14



Version 11 - This version replaces all previous versions.

Revision Date 12.11.2013 Print Date 12.11.2013

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

- pirimiphos-methyl
- solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.

Labelling: EU Directives 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Symbol(s)





Dangerous for the environment

Harmful

R-phrase(s)	: R10	Flammable.

R22 Harmful if swallowed.

R37 Irritating to respiratory system.
R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term

adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

S-phrase(s) : S 2 Keep out of the reach of children.

S13 Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

S20/21 When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with

plenty of water and seek medical advice.

S35 This material and its container must be disposed of in

a safe way.

S36/37/39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face

protection.

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental

contamination.

S62 If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical

advice immediately and show this container or label.

Additional Labelling : To avoid risks to man and the environment, comply with the instructions

for use.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

- pirimiphos-methyl
- solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.

2.3 Other hazards

None known.

Version 11 Page 3 of 14



Version 11 - This version replaces all previous versions.

Revision Date 12.11.2013 Print Date 12.11.2013

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures

Hazardous components

Chemical Name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration num- ber	Classification (67/548/EEC)	Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)	Concentration
pirimi- phos-methyl	29232-93-7 249-528-5	Xn, N R22 R50/53	Acute Tox.4; H302 Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410	49 % W/W
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6 265-199-0 01-2119455851-35-0 002	Xn, N R10 R37 R51/53 R65 R66 R67	Flam. Liq.3; H226 STOT SE3; H335 STOT SE3; H336 Asp. Tox.1; H304 Aquatic Chronic2; H411	40 - 50 % W/W
calcium do- decylbenzene- sulphonate	26264-06-2 90194-26-6 247-557-8	Xi R38 R41	Skin Irrit.2; H315 Eye Dam.1; H318	1 - 5 % W/W
2-methylpropan- 1-ol	78-83-1 201-148-0 01-2119484609-23-0 012	Xi R10 R37/38 R41 R67	Flam. Liq.3; H226 STOT SE3; H335 Skin Irrit.2; H315 Eye Dam.1; H318 STOT SE3; H336	1 - 2 % W/W

Substances for which there are Community workplace exposure limits. For the full text of the R-phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16. For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Have the product container, label or Material Safety Data Sheet with you

when calling the Syngenta emergency number, a poison control center or

physician, or going for treatment.

Inhalation : Move the victim to fresh air.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

Keep patient warm and at rest.

Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.

Skin contact : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water.

If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash off immediately with plenty of water.

Version 11 Page 4 of 14



Version 11 - This version replaces all previous versions.

Revision Date 12.11.2013 Print Date 12.11.2013

Eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least

15 minutes.

Remove contact lenses.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Ingestion If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or

Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : The symptoms are of cholinesterase inhibition

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Medical advice Call Syngenta at the emergency number shown in this document, a poi-

son control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.

Consider taking venous blood for determination of blood cholinesterase

activity (use heparin tube)

Administer atropine sulfate, either by intramuscular or intravenously,

depandant on severity of poisoning

Specific antidotes are oximes (e.g. Pralidoxime) or Toxogonin

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media - small fires

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Extinguishing media - large fires

Alcohol-resistant foam

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

As the product contains combustible organic components, fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous products of combustion

(see section 10).

Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

Flash back possible over considerable distance.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

Version 11 Page 5 of 14



Version 11 - This version replaces all previous versions.

Revision Date 12.11.2013 Print Date 12.11.2013

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

Remove all sources of ignition.

Pay attention to flashback.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Refer to disposal considerations listed in section 13.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Use only in an area containing flame proof equipment.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

For personal protection see section 8.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Keep out of the reach of children.

Keep away from combustible material.

Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

No smoking.

: Physically and chemically stable for at least 2 years when stored in the original unopened sales container at ambient temperatures.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Version 11 Page 6 of 14



Version 11 - This version replaces all previous versions.

Revision Date 12.11.2013 Print Date 12.11.2013

> Registered Crop Protection products: For proper and safe use of this product, please refer to the approval conditions laid down on the product label.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components	Exposure limit(s)	Type of expo- sure limit	Source
pirimiphos-methyl	3 mg/m3 (Skin)	8 h TWA	SYNGENTA
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	100 mg/m3	8 h TWA	SUPPLIER

The following recommendations for exposure controls/personal protection are intended for the manufacture, formulation and packaging of the product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engin	eering	measi	ires

Containment and/or segregation is the most reliable technical protection measure if exposure cannot be eliminated.

The extent of these protection measures depends on the actual risks in use.

If airborne mists or vapors are generated, use local exhaust ventilation controls.

Assess exposure and use any additional measures to keep airborne levels below any relevant exposure limit.

Where necessary, seek additional occupational hygiene advice.

Protective measures

The use of technical measures should always have priority over the use of personal protective equipment.

When selecting personal protective equipment, seek appropriate profes-

sional advice.

Personal protective equipment should be certified to appropriate standards.

Respiratory protection

A gas and vapor filter respirator may be necessary until effective technical measures are installed.

Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited.

Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in cases of emergency spills. when exposure levels are unknown, or under any circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection Chemical resistant gloves should be used.

Gloves should be certified to an appropriate standard.

Gloves should have a minimum breakthrough time that is appropriate to the duration of exposure.

The breakthrough time of gloves varies according to the thickness, material and manufacturer.

Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of

degradation or chemical breakthrough.

Suitable material Nitrile rubber

Version 11 Page 7 of 14



Version 11 - This version replaces all previous versions.

Revision Date 12.11.2013 Print Date 12.11.2013

Eye protection : If eye contact is possible, use tight-fitting chemical safety goggles and a

face shield.

Skin and body protection : Assess the exposure and select chemical resistant clothing based on the

potential for contact and the permeation / penetration characteristics of

the clothing material.

Wash with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Decontaminate clothing before re-use, or use disposable equipment

(suits, aprons, sleeves, boots, etc.)

Wear as appropriate: impervious protective suit

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : liquid Form : liquid clear

Colour : light yellow to brown

Odour : aromatic

Odour Threshold : no data available

pH : 4 - 8 at 1 % w/v (25 °C)

Melting point/range : no data available

Boiling point/boiling range : no data available

Flash point : 46 °C

Evapouration rate : no data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : no data available
Lower explosion limit : no data available
Upper explosion limit : no data available
Vapour pressure : no data available
Relative vapour density : no data available
Density : 1.02 g/ml at 20 °C

Solubility in other solvents : Miscible

in Water

Partition coefficient: : no data available

n-octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : 410 °C

Thermal decomposition : no data available Viscosity, dynamic : 4.61 mPa.s at 40 °C : 8.08 mPa.s at 20 °C

Viscosity, kinematic: no data availableExplosive properties: Not explosiveOxidizing properties: not oxidizing

9.2 Other information

Surface tension : 35.3 mN/m at 25 °C

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

No information available.

10.2 Chemical stability

Version 11 Page 8 of 14



Version 11 - This version replaces all previous versions.

Revision Date 12.11.2013 Print Date 12.11.2013

No information available.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

None known.

Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

No information available.

10.5 Incompatible materials

No information available.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Combustion or thermal decomposition will evolve toxic and irritant vapors.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 female rat, 300 - 2,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity

pirimiphos-methyl : LC50 male and female rat, > 5.04 mg/l, 4 h

um), light arom.

solvent naphtha (petrole- : Irritating to respiratory system.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 male and female rat, > 2,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation : rabbit: Mildly irritating

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

: rabbit: Moderately irritating

tisation

Respiratory or skin sensi-: Buehler Test guinea pig: A skin sensitizer in animal tests.

Germ cell mutagenicity

pirimiphos-methyl : Did not show mutagenic effects in animal experiments. 2-methylpropan-1-ol : Did not show mutagenic effects in animal experiments.

Carcinogenicity

pirimiphos-methyl : Did not show carcinogenic effects in animal experiments. 2-methylpropan-1-ol : Did not show carcinogenic effects in animal experiments.

Teratogenicity

pirimiphos-methyl : Did not show teratogenic effects in animal experiments.

Reproductive toxicity

pirimiphos-methyl : Did not show reproductive toxicity effects in animal experiments. 2-methylpropan-1-ol : Did not show reproductive toxicity effects in animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure

Version 11 Page 9 of 14



Version 11 - This version replaces all previous versions.

Revision Date 12.11.2013 Print Date 12.11.2013

2-methylpropan-1-ol : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT - repeated exposure

pirimiphos-methyl : No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests. 2-methylpropan-1-ol : No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests.

Aspiration toxicity

solvent naphtha (petrole-

um), light arom.

Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish : LC50 Cyprinus carpio (Carp), 6.2 mg/l , 96 h

Toxicity to aquatic inver-

tebrates

: EC50 Daphnia magna (Water flea), 0.48 μg/l , 48 h

Toxicity to aquatic plants : EbC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 3.07 mg/l, 72 h

: ErC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae), 8.27 mg/l, 72 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Stability in water

pirimiphos-methyl : Degradation half life: 4 - 6 d

Not persistent in water.

Stability in soil

pirimiphos-methyl : Degradation half life: 8.3 d

Not persistent in soil.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

pirimiphos-methyl : Pirimiphos-methyl has high potential for bioaccumulation

12.4 Mobility in soil

pirimiphos-methyl : Pirimiphos-methyl has low mobility in soil.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

pirimiphos-methyl : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating nor

toxic (PBT).

This substance is not considered to be very persistent nor very bioac-

cumulating (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Other information : Classification of the product is based on the summation of the concentra-

tions of classified components.

Version 11 Page 10 of 14



Version 11 - This version replaces all previous versions.

Revision Date 12.11.2013 Print Date 12.11.2013

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used

container.

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration.

If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regula-

tions.

Contaminated packaging: Empty remaining contents.

Triple rinse containers.

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for

recycling or disposal.

Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Land transport (ADR/RID)

14.1 UN number: UN 1993

14.2 UN proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (SUBSTITUTED BENZENOID

HYDROCARBONS AND PIRIMIPHOS-METHYL)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3
14.4 Packing group: III
Labels: 3

14.5 Environmental hazards : Environmentally hazardous

Sea transport(IMDG)

14.1 UN number: UN 1993

14.2 UN proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (SUBSTITUTED BENZENOID

HYDROCARBONS AND PIRIMIPHOS-METHYL)

14.5 Environmental hazards : Marine pollutant

Air transport (IATA-DGR)

14.1 UN number: UN 1993

14.2 UN proper shipping name: FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (SUBSTITUTED BENZENOID

HYDROCARBONS AND PIRIMIPHOS-METHYL)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3
14.4 Packing group: III
Labels: 3

Version 11 Page 11 of 14



Version 11 - This version replaces all previous versions.

Revision Date 12.11.2013 Print Date 12.11.2013

14.6 Special precautions for user

none

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

not applicable

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

GHS-Labelling

Hazard pictograms











Signal word	:	Danger
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H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H318 Causes serious eye damage.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements: P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot

surfaces. - No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye

protection/ face protection.

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or doctor/ physician.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for

several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/

physician.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P391 Collect spillage.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved

waste disposal plant.

Version 11 Page 12 of 14



Version 11 - This version replaces all previous versions.

Revision Date 12.11.2013 Print Date 12.11.2013

Remarks : Classified using all GHS hazard classes and categories.

Where the GHS contains options, the most conservative option has

been chosen.

Regional or national implementations of GHS may not implement all

hazard classes and categories.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

pirimiphos-methyl

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

Full text of R-phrases referred to under sections 2 and 3:

R10	Flammable.
1110	i iaiiiiiabic.

R22 Harmful if swallowed.

R37 Irritating to respiratory system.

R37/38 Irritating to respiratory system and skin.

R38 Irritating to skin.

R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

R51/53 Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment.

R65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

R66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

R67 Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H226	Flammable	liauid	and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H318 Causes serious eye damage.
 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Version 11 Page 13 of 14



Version 11 - This version replaces all previous versions. Revision Date 12.11.2013

Print Date 12.11.2013

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Version 11 Page 14 of 14